2021 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

HCUA - West

PRINT Public Water System Name 0240270

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| David A. Perkins | O&M Manager | 04/19/2022 |
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2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Harrison County Utility Authority – West

PWS#: 0240270 April 2022 st RECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Graham Ferry Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The well for the Harrison County Utility Authority has received a lower ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact David Perkins at 228.868.8752. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held bi-monthly on the first and third Thursdays, at 9:00 AM at 10271 Express Dr., Gulfport, MS 39503.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not recessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

| | | | | TEST R | ESULT | l'S | | |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--------------------------|------|-----|--|
| Contaminant | Violation Y/N | Date Collected | Level Detected | Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL | Unit Measure -ment | MCLG | MCL | Likely Source of Contamination |
| Inorganic (| Contai | ninants | | | | | | |
| 10. Barium | N | 2018* | .0105 | .00320105 | ppm | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| 13. Chromium | N | 2018* | 1.8 | .8 – 1.8 | ppb | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills erosion of natural deposits |
| 15. Cyanide | N | 2018* | 21 | No Range | ppb | 200 | 200 | Discharge from steel/metal factories discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories |
| 16. Fluoride | N | 2018* | .609 | .142609 | ppm | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teet discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| Sodium | N | 2021 | 107 | 45.2 - 107 | ppm | 20 | 0 | Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents. |
| Volatile Oi | rganic | Contan | ainants | _ | | | | |
| 66. Ethylbenzene | N | 2021 | .509 | .501509 | ppb | 700 | 700 | Discharge from petroleum refineries |
| 76. Xylenes | N | 2021 | .001893 | .000511 – .001893 | ppm | 10 | 10 | Discharge from petroleum factories discharge from chemical factories |

| Disinfec | tion By | -Produc | ets | | | | | |
|----------|---------|---------|-----|------------|-----|---|----------|---|
| Chlorine | N | 2021 | 2.1 | 1.5 – 2.65 | ppm | 0 | MRDL = 4 | Water additive used to control microbes |

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021.

We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminates on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Harrison County Utility Authority- West works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.